

STEREOCONTROLLED ACCESS TO DASYCARPIDAN-TYPE COMPOUNDS AND  
FORMAL TOTAL SYNTHESIS OF *STRYCHNOS* INDOLE ALKALOIDS OF THE STRYCHNAN-TYPE

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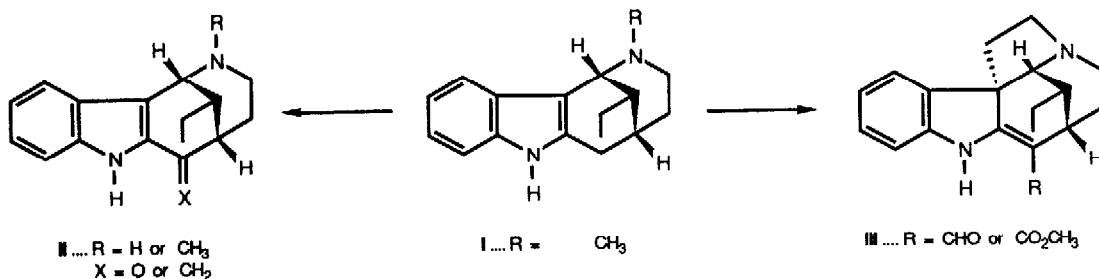
An efficient, stereocontrolled synthesis of the tetracyclic bases **1** and **2** by cyclization of the regioisomeric cyanopiperidines **4** and **5**, prepared from the common *cis*-3-ethyl-4-(2-indolylmethyl)piperidine intermediate **3**, is reported.

The tetracyclic ring system defined by the dasycarpidan stereoparent (**I**, *S*-configuration at the bridge carbon) is present in the uleine group of indole alkaloids (**II**)<sup>1</sup> as well as in the *Strychnos* indole alkaloids<sup>2</sup> having the Aspidospermatan skeleton (**III**). The stereocontrolled synthesis of tetracyclic compounds derived from the stereoparent **I** has had limited success so far.<sup>3,4</sup>

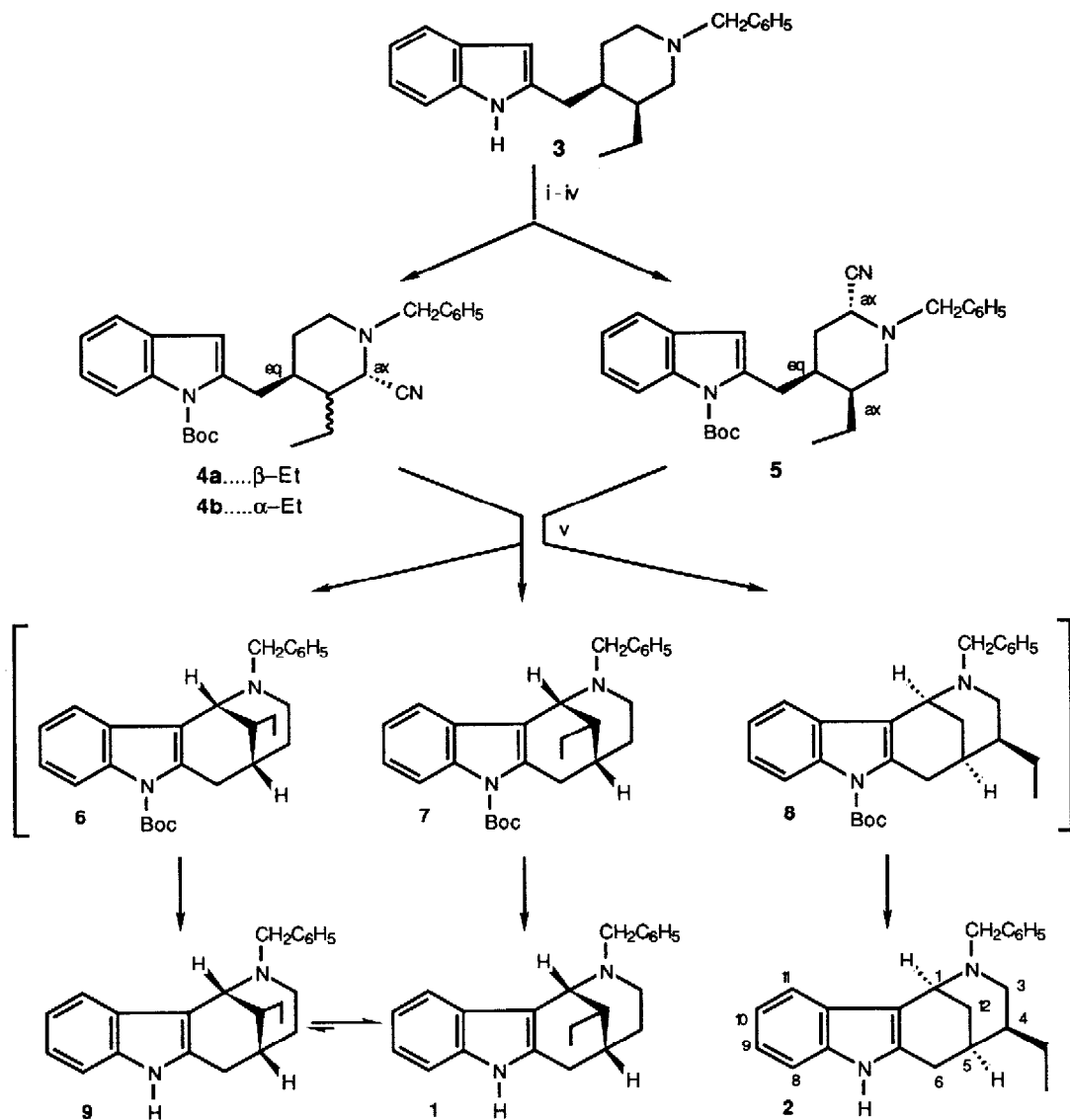
In the preceding paper,<sup>5</sup> we have reported the usefulness of cyanopiperidines for the stereocontrolled synthesis of functionalized 4- and 9-ethyl-2-azabicyclo[3.3.1]nonanes. Using a similar strategy, we describe in this Letter the stereocontrolled synthesis of the tetracyclic base **1** (**I**, R=CH<sub>2</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>) and an alternative synthesis of its regioisomer **2**. Further elaboration of compound **1** could result in a new synthetic entry both to the uleine alkaloids and to the Aspidospermatan-type of *Strychnos* alkaloids, whereas the synthesis of **2** constitutes a formal total synthesis of the *Strychnos* alkaloids having the Strychnan skeleton tubifolidine,<sup>6</sup> tubifoline,<sup>7</sup> and 19,20-dihydroakuammicine.<sup>8</sup>

The synthesis involves the construction of the fused morphan nucleus in the key step (bond formed C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>11b</sub>) by cyclization of an iminium salt generated from a 1,3,4-trisubstituted 2-(or 6)cyanopiperidine.

Thus, after protecting the indole nitrogen in order to avoid interfering side-processes<sup>9</sup> during the following step, the easily accessible *cis*-2-(piper-



idylmethyl)indole **3**<sup>10</sup> was converted in 72% overall yield into a regioisomeric mixture of cyanopiperidines **4** and **5** (5:3 ratio)<sup>11</sup> by a Polonovski-Potier reaction followed by trapping of the resulting iminium salts with cyanide ion.<sup>5</sup>



Reagents: (i)  $(\text{Boc})_2\text{O}$ , 50% aq NaOH,  $\text{Bu}_4\text{NHSO}_4$ , toluene, rt; (ii) *m*-CPBA,  $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$ , 0°C, 1 h; (iii) TFAA, -15°C, 1 h; (iv) aq KCN, NaOAc, pH 4-5, 30 min; (v) AcOH-H<sub>2</sub>O-Dioxane (3:1:1), 90°C, 14 h.

As had already been observed in the 4-acetylpiperidine series,<sup>5</sup> epimerization at the piperidine 3-position, through the corresponding enamine, occurs to a considerable extent in the regioisomer **4**, giving an epimeric mixture at C-3 in which the most stable *trans*-3,4-diequatorial epimer **4b** predominated (**4a/4b**: 2/3).<sup>11</sup>

Treatment of the above mixture of cyanopiperidines (**4** and **5**) with acetic acid in aqueous dioxane for 14 h accomplished both cyclization and deprotection of the indole ring to give a mixture of tetracycles **1** (46%) and **2** (26%), having the Aspidospermatan and the Strychnan skeletal types, respectively. The epimer **9** was formed only in yields lower than 4%.<sup>12</sup> When the cyclization step was conducted for shorter reaction times (2 h), the indole-protected tetracycles **6**, **7**, and **8** could also be isolated (*ca* 25% yield), thus indicating that cyclization, at least to some extent, takes place before deprotection.

Some points about the stereochemical course of this cyclization are worthy of comment: a) As could be expected, the relative configuration at C-4 in the Strychnan-type tetracycles **8** and **2** is the natural one, i.e. *cis*-relationship between the hydrogens at the 4 and 5 positions. b) On the contrary, as a consequence of the epimerization at the piperidine 3-position in **4b**, the major Aspidospermatan-type epimer after the cyclization step (short reaction time) was **6**, which possesses the unnatural<sup>13</sup> relative configuration at C-12. However, interestingly, when the reaction time was long enough to accomplish the deprotection of the indole ring in the same synthetic operation, the Aspidospermatan-type tetracycle **1**, having the correct stereochemistry at C-12, was obtained as the major isomer, thus evidencing that a further epimerization had taken place after the deprotection step. Furthermore, it was demonstrated that the minor epimer **9** is converted, after an additional acidic treatment, into the major, desired stereoisomer **1**. This useful epimerization can be rationalized by considering that, when the indole ring is not deactivated,<sup>14</sup> the Pictet-Spengler reaction is reversible. Thus, after protonation at the indole 3-position in **9** and subsequent ring-opening, an iminium salt is formed. Epimerization at C-3 of the piperidine ring, through the corresponding enamine, followed by recyclization leads to **1**, which has the natural, more stable relative configuration at C-12.

In this manner, in four steps from an easily available *cis*-3-ethyl-4-piperidineacetate, through the common intermediate **3**, we have prepared the valuable tetracyclic indole derivatives **1** and **2** in 22% and 12% overall yields, respectively.

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- This compound was prepared<sup>a</sup> from ethyl *cis*-1-benzyl-3-ethyl-4-piperidineacetate<sup>b</sup> in a 66% yield (3.5 g scale) employing the Smith indolization protocol.<sup>c</sup> (a) Bonjoch, J.; Quirante, J.; Linares, A.; Bosch, J. *Heterocycles* 1988, 27, 2883. (b) Bonjoch, J.; Linares, A.; Guardiola, M.; Bosch, J. *Heterocycles* 1987, 26, 2165. (c) Smith, A. B. III; Visnick, M.; Haseltine, J. N.; Sprengeler, P. A. *Tetrahedron* 1986, 42, 2957.
- Individual ratios were established from the integration of the CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub> signal in the <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz) spectrum of the mixture.
- All reported yields are for purified materials isolated from column chromatography and all compounds gave spectroscopic data in agreement with the assigned structures. Selected <sup>13</sup>C-NMR data include the following:

Compound	1-C	3-C	4-C	5-C	6-C	12-C	CH <sub>2</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>
1 <sup>a</sup>	55.7	43.8	33.8	29.2	25.9	43.8	23.8	11.9
2 <sup>a,b</sup>	50.7	50.3	41.5	28.7	24.5	34.3	22.6	11.5
6 <sup>c</sup>	52.5	44.4	28.3	29.9	34.5	42.7	23.4	12.3
7 <sup>c</sup>	55.4	43.6	33.6	29.2	25.4	42.2	24.2	11.7
8 <sup>c</sup>	50.4	50.1	41.5	29.3	25.5	33.6	23.7	11.4
9 <sup>a</sup>	52.6	44.3	28.1	29.6	31.0	43.6	23.7	12.2
- Measured at 50 MHz; b. Reference 10a; c. Measured at 100 MHz.
- However, the isolation of epidasycarpidone and epiuleine as minor alkaloids has been reported: Gaskell, A. J.; Joule, J. A. *Chem. Ind. (London)* 1967, 1089.
- Similar cyclizations from 2-indolylicarbonyl derivatives have been reported<sup>4,9a</sup> to occur with retention of the relative configuration at the piperidine 3-position, and attempts to induce the type of epimerization here observed have failed.<sup>4</sup>

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